

The Actual Purpose of The Law
7/21/24 (Galatians 3:15-22)

I. The _____ of God's Covenant - v.15-18

v.16 - This means that many of God's _____ to Abraham in Genesis 12, 15 were also made to _____.

v.16 - The use of the singular noun "Offspring" in Genesis foreshadowed the doctrine of being "_____."

Those who are spiritually _____ into Christ by _____ also receive the promised _____.

Our faith _____ us to Christ so firmly that we are called "The _____ of Christ."

v.17-18 - The arrival of God's Law centuries after Abraham _____ was not to give new _____ for God to _____ His _____ with him.

II. The _____ of God's Law - v.19-22

v.19 - God gave the Law to _____ and manage _____ until _____ came, Whose coming would both _____ sin and _____ people to _____ in a way that _____ God.

v.19-20 - As a mediator, _____ worked for _____ and _____ at the giving of the Law, illustrating its _____ nature. But there was no _____ as God made a _____ with _____, illustrating its _____ nature.

v.22 - That "the Scripture imprisoned everything under sin" means that _____ the Law is _____.

Paul does not _____ "because of transgressions" in v.19, yet as George writes "The best _____ on Galatians is _____, where Paul developed in a less compact way many of the ideas he set forth in this passage."

V.19-22 alludes to 5 purposes of the Law _____ salvation.

1) The _____ aspect of the Law helped _____ sins against the _____ by a code of conduct _____ by the _____.

2) The Law set forth a _____ to _____ with sin "_____ Christ came" (v.19) to _____ sin once and for all.

3) The Law _____ (Romans 3:20) The Law _____ actions and _____ that people did not _____ were _____, including the category of the _____ sins of our _____.

4) The Law makes _____ sin nature _____ by _____ our transgressions through expanded awareness & inciting our _____. (Rom. 5:20; 7:8)

5) The Law makes us _____ for _____. Its purpose was _____ to _____ us, but to leave us with no _____ of _____ ourselves.

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